

The dependent *Marfoo'* pronoun can be either visible or concealed. The concealment is either necessary (واجب) or permissible (جائز) but the independent can only be visible. Based on this we can divide the pronoun into seven divisions:

1. Independent *Marfoo'* Pronoun (المنفصل المرفوع):

هُوَ، هُمَا، هُم، هِيَ، هُمَا، هُنَّ، أَنْتَ، أَنْتُمَا، أَنْتِ، أَنْتُمَا، أَنْتُنَّ، أَنَا، نَحْنُ

2. Independent *Mansoob* Pronoun (المنفصل المنصوب):

إِيَّاهُ، إِيَّاهُمَا، إِيَّاهُمْ، إِيَّاهَا، إِيَّاهُمَا، إِيَّاهُنَّ، إِيَّاكَ، إِيَّاكُمَا، إِيَّاكُم، إِيَّاكِ، إِيَّاكُمَا، إِيَّاكُنَّ، إِيَّايَ، إِيَّانَا

3. Dependent *Mansoob* Pronoun (المتصل المنصوب):

هُ، هُمَا، هُم، هَا، هُمَا، هُنَّ، كَ، كُمَا، كُمْ، كِ، كُمَا، كُنَّ، يَ، نَا

4. Dependent *Majroor* Pronouns (المتصل المجرور); as in 'مَرَرْتُ بِهِ', they are the same as the previous.

5. Dependent Visible *Marfoo'* Pronoun

It is the pronoun in the forms of the past tense verb, except the 1st and 4th *Seeghah*, as نَصَرْتُ، نَصَرُوا; also the pronoun in the forms of the present tense verb and command verb, except in the forms 1,4, 7, 13 and 14; as in 'يَنْصِرُونَ'.

6. Dependent, Necessarily Concealed *Marfoo'* Pronoun

It is a must to conceal the pronoun of the subject in the 7th, 13th and 14th *seeghah* of the present tense and the command verb.

7. Dependent, Permissibly Concealed *Marfoo'* Pronoun

Note:

The Reference of the Pronoun:

It is necessary for the pronoun of the third person to refer back to the previously mentioned thing (in the sentence), literally, figuratively or by a grammatical rule; as: 'ضَرَبَ زَيْدٌ غَلامَهُ'. Sometimes the pronoun refers to something mentioned after it, but it is only due to a grammatical rule that it comes after and it is not normal; as in 'ضَرَبَ غَلامَهُ زَيْدٌ'

