Topic: Religious Duty

As for the Rulings of Islam (*ahkām*) and *foroo* '*al-deen*, it is obligatory upon the *mokallaf* (one who is responsible with the religious duties) to be one of the three:
A:Mujtahid B: Muhtat C: Muqallid

A) Mujtahid

A *mujtahid* is a fully qualified scholar/jurist, who is competent and **expert** to deduce rulings and legal matters from the Holy Qur'an and the teachings of the Prophet and Ahl al-Bayt.

B) Muhtat

A *muhtat* is one who acts upon the most cautious verdicts (*ihtiyat*) in order to assure himself that he has fulfilled his religious obligations. By being on the 'safe side' he always takes the 'more cautious' route of the possible ruling concerned. *C) Mugallid*

A *muqallid*, or follower, is one who fulfils his religious duties in accordance with the verdicts of a *mujtahid*.

- A *mujtahid* is a fully qualified scholar/jurist, who is competent and **expert** to deduce rulings and legal matters from the Holy Qur'an and the teachings of the Prophet and Ahl al-Bayt (peace be upon them).
- *Taqleed* is to act according to the judgements/verdicts of a fully qualified Mujtahid.
- The followed *mujtahid* should be a'lam or 'most learned' i.e., he should be more learned than all other *mujtahids* of his time.

4 Identifying a Mujtahid

- 1. If one is convinced of the ijtihad of a candidate; this is achieved if one is himself a religious scholar and thus he can identify a *mujtahid*.
- 2. If two just scholars, who are able to identify a *mujtahid* confirm this provided that their testimony is not contradicted by two other just scholars.
- 3. If an expert individual who is competent to identify a Mujtahid, who also is reliable and trustworthy, testifies the superiority of a *mujtahid* and one

becomes certain of it.

4. If the *ijtihad* of a *mujtahid* is widespread among people and scholars that one becomes certain of it.