

## L16

### The Passive Voice Command Verb (الأمر المجهول)

This verb is derived from the present tense passive voice verb.

#### Formation:

The method is to prefix the particle of the command (لِـ) and remove the signs of *Raf'* from the end of the verb.

لِيُفْعَلْ، لِيُفْعَلَا، لِيُفْعَلُوا، لِيُفْعَلْ، لِيُفْعَلَا، لِيُفْعَلَنْ،  
لِيُفْعَلْ، لِيُفْعَلَا، لِيُفْعَلُوا، لِيُفْعَلِي، لِيُفْعَلَا، لِيُفْعَلَنْ،  
لِأُفْعَلْ، لِأُفْعَلَنْ

### The Passive Voice of the Intransitive Verb

A transitive verb requires an object in order to complete its meaning, so the passive voice verb is derived from a transitive verb. In order to convert an intransitive verb to a passive voice, it must first be made transitive by a preposition. E.g., ذَهَبَ زَيْدٌ → Zaid went. ذَهَبَ زَيْدٌ بِكِتَابٍ → Zaid took a book

Now to form the passive verb, the preposition and the object will replace the subject → ذُهِبَ بِكِتَابٍ (A book was taken)

The passive voice verb that is derived from the intransitive verb is conjugated according to the object i.e., the verb itself will only be in the form of the first *seeghah*.

**Table 1.11 - Conjugation Of the Past Tense Passive Voice Verb With A Preposition**

الماضي	المفرد	المثنى	الجمع
الغائب:	فُعِلَ بِهِ	فُعِلَ بِهِمَا	فُعِلَ بِهِمْ
الغائبة:	فُعِلَ بِهَا	فُعِلَ بِهِمَا	فُعِلَ بِهِنَّ
المخاطب:	فُعِلَ بِكَ	فُعِلَ بِكُما	فُعِلَ بِكُمْ
المخاطبة:	فُعِلَ بِكِ	فُعِلَ بِكُما	فُعِلَ بِكُنَّ
المتكلم:	فُعِلَ بِي		فُعِلَ بِنَا

The present tense passive verb is conjugated in a similar manner.