



Al-Mantiq

Lesson 49

Complete and incomplete compound

اللفظ المفرد واللفظ المركب

Complete and Incomplete Expression (المركب التام و المركب الناقص)

If the expression (لفظ) is complete, the meaning is sufficiently conveyed and the listener does not expect the speaker to complete the statement, then the expression is called "تام" (complete); otherwise, it is "ناقص".

Example of "تام":

"الصَّبْرُ شَجَاعَةٌ" » "patience is bravery."

الخبر و الإنشاء

The complete expression (المركب التام) is divided into:

1. Predicative "خبر"

A complete compound (المركب التام) statement for which it is proper to judge it as true or false (because it has a reality and the statement is revealing that).
Such as: "patience is bravery."

2. Non-Predicative "إنشاء"

A "المركب التام" in which the relation in the statement has no existing reality beyond the sentence.
Such as: "Sit down."