

بِسْمِ ٱللَّٰهِ ٱلرَّحْمَٰنِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

## Lesson 68

## The Relation between the negation of two Universals (4) The Relation between the negation of two Universals (4)

The Relation between the negation of two Universals "النسب بين نقيضى الكليين" All universal concepts have one of the four relations, so there should be a relation between the negation of two universals.

Such as, Human "انسان" and its negation (نقيض) is not human "لا انسان

Equality "تساوى": The relation between the negation of equality is equality as well. Not A = Not B Example: Human "ناطق" = speaking "ناطق" Not human "لا انسان" = Not speaking "لا انسان"

The relation between the negation of the absolute generality and particularity "العموم و الخصوص مطلقاً" is the absolute general particularity "العموم و الخصوص مطلقاً as well but vice versa.

Not A < Not B Every not human is not animal. Some not humans are not non-animals.

The relation between the negation of the partial generality and particularity to "
"تباين جزيئ" is partial disjointment "العموم و الخصوص من وجه".
Example:
Presumption: Animal x White

1



Claim: There is partial disjointment between the Not Animal and Not White, which means there can be partial generality and particularity "العموم و الخصوص من وجه" or contradiction (تباين كلى).

When the relation between A and B is "X", the relation between Not A and Not B is partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ".

Partial disjointment "تبآين جزيئ": It means there can be partial generality and particularity (تباين كلى).

If the relation between Not A and Not B is not partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ", it should be one of the following relations.

1. Not A = Not B 2. Not A > Not B

3. Not A x Not B 4. Not A // Not B

If it is Not A = Not B, then it is right to say A = B because it is proved that the negation of the two equal is equality and is against the A X B presumption.

If the relation between the negation of the partial generality and particularity "عموم خصوص من وجه" is not partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ" then Not A > Not B. If Not A < Not B, then B > A means B includes A because the opposite of generality is particularity, which is against our presumption.

The relation between the negation of the partial generality and particularity "العموم و الخصوص من وجه".

Partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ": Two universals cannot come together in some instances, irrespective of whether they come together or not in some other instances so that it can be partial generality and particularity " العموم و الخصوص من وجه or contradiction (تباين كلي).

Examples:

Human x Black $\rightarrow$ Not Human x Not BlackNot Human x Animal $\rightarrow$ Human // Not Animal

The relation between the negation of the partial generality and particularity " عموم " is partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ". Example of partial disjointment "تباين جزيئ": Not Human x Animal

Human // Not Animal

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