

بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

Lesson 113 Rules of Division

(اصول القسمة)

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• Rules of Division:

- 1. Productivity: The division is useless unless it serves the divider's purpose, i.e., the parts differ in the intended peculiarities. For example, when a grammarian divides the verb into different tenses, it is because they have different peculiar rulings. But if a grammarian divided the past tense verb into مضموم العين مفتوح العين, this division would be useless for a grammarian to whom they have the same rule.
- 2. Contrast of the Division: There must be no overlap among the divisions, e.g., the division of animals into humans and poets, ... is incorrect. For example, dividing 'منصوب' into 'مفعول، حال، تمییز، ظرف' is incorrect because 'ظرف' is a type of 'مفعول' itself.
- 3. Criterion: There must be a criterion for the division, i.e., the division must be carried out according to only one aspect.
- 4. Inclusiveness and Exclusiveness: The division of a divided must include all its divisions and exclude all the non-divisions of it.

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