



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

## Lesson 64

ImamSadiq.tv The Referring Pronoun (الضمير العائد) ImamSadiq.tv

The pronoun referring to the conjunctive gets omitted when ...

- It is in the state of *raf'*
- While it is '*mubtada'*
- Its predicate is *mufrad* (not a sentence)

So 'جاءني اللذان قام' or 'جاءني اللذان ضُرب' is not correct, for the pronoun is in the state of *raf'* because it is the subject or its substitute.

- (and) The clause is long (in other than 'أى'), such as in 'جاء الذي (هو) ضاربٌ زيداً'

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Another example of the omission of the referring pronoun (when the clause is long):

"ما أنا بالذي (هو) قائلٌ لك سوءاً"

### Note:

If the clause is not long, omission of the referring pronoun is rare (The Kufi grammarians disagree though), as in 'جاء الذي (هو) قائمٌ' or 'تماماً على الذي (هو) أحسنٌ'